wherein the copolymer is attached to the surface of the substrate by formation of a covalent bond and the epoxy group can form a covalent bond with the target molecule.

- 2. (Twice Amended) A reagent composition according to claim 1, wherein the monomer having pendant epoxide group comprises glycidyl acrylate, glycidyl methacrylate, allylglycidyl ether, or glycidyl vinyl ether.
- 3. (Twice Amended) A reagent composition according to claim 1, wherein the monomer having a pendant epoxide group is of the formula:

$$H_2C = C - X - CH - CH_2$$

where R₁ is either CH₃ or H and X is a radical of the formula:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & O \\ \hline C & O \\ \hline \end{array} (CH_2)_{\overline{m}} NH - C - O - (CH_2)_{\overline{n}} \end{array}$$

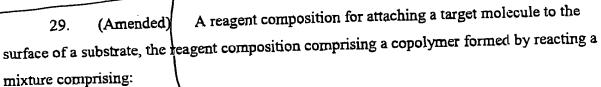
where m = 2-6 and n = 1-10;

where n = 1-10

where m = 0 or 1; or

where m = 1-20 and n = 1-10.

9. (Amended) A reagent composition according to claim 8, wherein the target molecule is a nucleic acid and the one or more photoreactive groups comprise photoreactive aryl ketone.



- (a) one or more monomers having pendant epoxy group in an amount of 5 to 25 mole percent based on the weight of the copolymer;
- (b) one or more diluent monomers or polymers, wherein the diluent monomers or polymers comprise acrylics, vinyls, nylons, polyurethanes, or polyethers; and
- mole percent based on the weight of the copolymer,
 wherein the photoreactive group can form a covalent bond with the surface of the substrate to attach the copolymer to the substrate and the epoxy group can form a covalent bond with the target molecule.

Please add claims 33-74 as follows

- (New) A reagent composition for attaching a target molecule to the surface of a substrate, the reagent composition comprising a polymer having one or more pendant epoxy groups, the polymer formed by reacting a mixture comprising:
 - (a) hydroxyl- or amine-containing polymer; and
 - (b) diepoxide;

wherein the polymer can be attached to the surface of the substrate by formation of a covalent bond and the epoxy group can form a covalent bond with the target molecule.

- 34. (New) The reagent composition of claim 33, wherein the polymer comprising one or more pendant epoxy groups is a copolymer.
- 35. (New) The reagent composition of claim 33, wherein the hydroxyl or amine containing polymer is a copolymer.
- 36. (New) The reagent composition of claim 33, wherein the diepoxide comprises butanedioldiglycidyl ether, ethylene glycol digylcidyl ether, diepoxyoctane, or diepoxydecane.

- 37. (New) The reagent composition of claim 33, wherein the target molecule comprises a nucleic acid and the surface comprises the surface of a support formed of organosilane-pretreated glass, organosilane-pretreated silicon, silicon hydride, or plastic.
- 38. (New) The reagent composition of claim 37, wherein the nucleic acid comprises an underivatized nucleic acid.
- 39. (New) The reagent composition of claim 38, wherein the underivatized nucleic acid comprises an oligonucleotide.
- 40. (New) The reagent composition of claim 33, wherein the composition further comprises one or more photoreactive groups for covalently attaching the reagent composition to the surface upon application of energy from a suitable source.
- 41. (New) The reagent composition of claim 40, wherein the target molecule is a nucleic acid and the one or more photoreactive groups comprise photoreactive aryl ketone.
- (New) A reagent composition for attaching a nucleic acid molecule to the surface of a substrate, the reagent composition comprising a copolymer having one or more pendant epoxy groups, the copolymer formed by reacting a mixture comprising:
 - (a) one or more monomers having pendant epoxy group;
- (b) one or more diluent monomers or polymers, wherein the diluent monomers or polymers comprise acrylics, vinyls, nylons, polyurethanes, or polyethers; and
- (c) one or more monomers comprising one or more photoreactive aryl ketones; wherein the copolymer is attached to the surface of the substrate by formation of a covalent bond and the epoxy group can form a covalent bond with the nucleic acid molecule.
- 43. (New) The reagent composition of claim 42, wherein the monomer comprising a pendant epoxide group comprises glycidyl acrylate, glycidyl methacrylate, allylglycidyl ether, or glycidyl vinyl ether.

44. (New) The reagent composition of claim 42, wherein the monomer having a pendant epoxide group is of the formula:

$$H_2C \xrightarrow{R_1} C + CH - CH_2$$

where R₁ is either CH₃ or H and X is a radical of the formula:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & O \\ & & \\ \hline & C \\ \hline$$

where m = 2-6 and n = 1-10;

$$C \longrightarrow C \longrightarrow (CH_2)_{\overline{n}}$$

where n = 1-10

$$-(CH_2)_{\overline{m}}$$
 O $---(CH_2)$ $----$

where m = 0 or 1; or

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O \\
C - C - CH_2 - CH_2 \xrightarrow{}_m O - (CH_2)_{\overline{n}}
\end{array}$$

where m = 1-20 and n = 1-10.

- 45. (New) The reagent composition of claim 42, wherein the surface comprises the surface of a support formed of organosilane-pretreated glass, organosilane-pretreated silicon, silicon hydride, or plastic.
- 46. (New) The reagent composition of claim 42, wherein the nucleic acid comprises an underivatized nucleic acid.
- 47. (New) The reagent composition of claim 46, wherein the underivatized nucleic acid comprises an oligonucleotide.

- (New) A reagent composition for attaching a target molecule to the surface of a substrate, the reagent composition comprising a copolymer formed by reacting a mixture comprising:
- one or more monomers having pendant epoxy group in an amount of 5 to 25 mole (a) percent based on the weight of the copolymer;
- one or more diluent monomers, the one or more diluent monomers being an **(b)** acrylamide or a vinyl pyrrolidone; and
- one or more monomers having one or more photoreactive groups in an amount of (c) 0.1 to 5 mole percent based on the weight of the copolymer;

wherein the one or more photoreactive groups can form a covalent bond with the surface of the substrate to attach the copolymer to the substrate and the epoxy group can form a covalent bond with the target moleculd.

- (New) The reagent composition of claim 48, wherein the photoreactive group 49. comprises aryl ketone.
- (New) A reagent composition for attaching a target molecule to the surface of a substrate, the reagent composition comprising a copolymer formed by reacting a mixture comprising:
- one or more monomers having pendant epoxy group in an amount of 5 to 25 mole (a) percent based on the weight of the copolymer;
- one or more diluent monomers or polymers, wherein the diluent monomers or polymers comprise acrylics, vinyls, nylons, polyurethanes, or polyethers; and
- one or more monomers having one or more photoreactive aryl ketones in an (c) amount of 0.1 to 5 mole percent based on the weight of the copolymer;

wherein the photoreactive group can form a covalent bond with the surface of the substrate to attach the copolymer to the substrate and the epoxy group can form a covalent bond with the target molecule.

(New) The reagent composition of claim 50, wherein the diluent monomer is an 51. acrylamide or a vinyl pyrrolidone.

New A reagent composition for attaching a target molecule to the surface of a substrate, the reagent composition comprising:

a copolymer of a mixture of monomers, the monomers comprising:

one or more monomers having pendant epoxy group; and

one or more diluent monomers or polymers lacking pendant epoxy group, the one or more diluent monomers or polymers comprising acrylics, vinyls, nylons,

polyurethanes, or polyethers;

wherein the copolymer can be attached to the surface of the substrate by formation of a covalent bond and the epoxy group can form a covalent bond with the target molecule.

- 53. (New) The reagent composition of claim 52, wherein the monomer having pendant epoxide group comprises glycidyl acrylate, glycidyl methacrylate, allylglycidyl ether, or glycidyl vinyl ether.
- 54. (New) The reagent composition of claim 52, wherein the monomer having pendant epoxide group is of the formula:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R_1 \\ H_2C & C \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} CH \\ C \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} CH_2 \\ \end{array}$$

where R₁ is either CH₃ or H and X is a radical of the formula:

where
$$m = 2-6$$
 and $n = 1-10$;

where n = 1-10

where m = 0 or 1; or

$$-(CH_2)_{\overline{m}}$$
 O $--(CH_2)$

- 55. (New) The reagent composition of claim 52, wherein the target molecule comprises a nucleic acid and the surface comprises the surface of a support formed of organosilane-pretreated glass, organosilane-pretreated silicon, silicon hydride, or plastic.
- 56. (New) The reagent composition of claim 55, wherein the nucleic acid comprises underivatized nucleic acid.
- 57. (New) The reagent composition of claim 56, wherein the underivatized nucleic acid comprises oligonucleotide.
- 58. (New) The reagent composition of claim 52, wherein the composition further comprises one of more photoreactive groups.
- 59. (New) The reagent composition of claim 58, wherein the target molecule is nucleic acid and the one or more photoreactive groups comprise photoreactive aryl ketone.
- 60. (New) A reagent composition for attaching a target molecule to the surface of a substrate, the reagent composition comprising:

a copolymer of a mixture of monomers, the monomers comprising:

one or more monomers comprising pendant epoxy group;

one or more diluent monomers or polymers lacking pendant epoxy group, the one or more diluent monomers or polymers comprising acrylics, vinyls, nylons, polyurethanes, or polyethers; and

one or more monomers comprising photoreactive group;

wherein the copolymer can be attached to the surface of the substrate by formation of a covalent bond and the epoxy group can form a covalent bond with the target molecule.

8

- (New) The reagent composition of claim 60, wherein the monomer comprising 61. pendant epoxide group comprises glycidyl acrylate, glycidyl methacrylate, allylglycidyl ether, or glycidyl vinyl ether.
- (New) The reagent composition of claim 60, wherein the monomer comprising 62. pendant epoxide group is of the formula:

$$H_2C = C - X - CH - CH_2$$

where R_1 is either CH_3 or H and $\overset{\bullet}{K}$ is a radical of the formula:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & O \\
 & C \\$$

where m = 2-6 and n = 1-10;

where n = 1-10

$$-(CH_2)_{\overline{m}}-O$$
 $-(CH_2)$

where m = 0 or 1; or

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O \\ \hline \\ C \\ \hline \end{array}$$
 $C - \left(O - CH_2 - CH_2 \right)_m O - \left(CH_2 \right)_n - CH_2 - CH_$

where m = 1-20 and n = 1-10.

- (New) The reagent composition of claim 60, wherein the target molecule 63. comprises a nucleic acid and the surface comprises the surface of a support formed of organosilane-pretreated glass, organosilane-pretreated silicon, silicon hydride, or plastic.
- (New) The reagent composition of claim 63, wherein the nucleic acid comprises 64. underivatized nucleic acid.

acid comprises oligonucleotide.

- 65. (New) The reagent composition of claim 64, wherein the underivatized nucleic
- 66. (New) The reagent composition of claim 60, wherein the target molecule is nucleic acid and the one or more photoreactive groups comprise photoreactive aryl ketone.

(New) A reagent composition for attaching a target molecule to the surface of a substrate, the reagent composition comprising a copolymer having one or more pendant epoxy groups, the copolymer formed by reacting a mixture comprising

one or more monomers comprising pendant epoxy group;

one or more diluent monomers or polymers lacking pendant epoxy group, wherein the diluent monomers or polymers comprise acrylics, vinyls, nylons, polyurethanes, or polyethers; and

one or more monomers comprising photoreactive group;

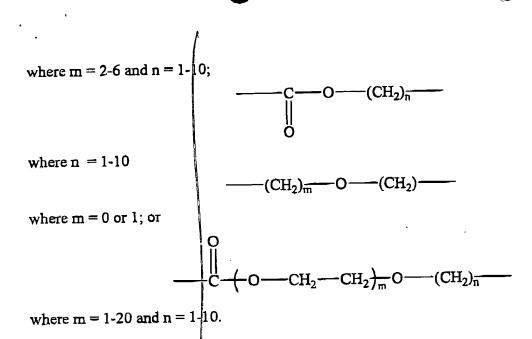
wherein the copolymer is attached to the surface of the substrate by formation of a covalent bond and the epoxy group can form a covalent bond with the target molecule.

- 68. (New) The reagent composition of claim 67, wherein the monomer having a pendant epoxide group comprises glycidyl acrylate, glycidyl methacrylate, allylglycidyl ether, or glycidyl vinyl ether.
- 69. (New) The reagent composition of claim 67, wherein the monomer having a pendant epoxide group is of the formula:

$$H_2C \longrightarrow C \longrightarrow CH \longrightarrow CH_2$$

where R_1 is either CH_3 or H and X is a radical of the formula:

Opt



- 70. (New) The reagent composition of claim 67, wherein the reagent composition comprises a polymer synthesized by reacting hydroxyl- or amine-containing polymers with diepoxides.
- 71. (New) The reagent composition of claim 67, wherein the target molecule comprises a nucleic acid and the surface comprises the surface of a support formed of organosilane-pretreated glass, organosilane-pretreated silicon, silicon hydride, or plastic.
- 72. (New) The reagent composition of claim 71, wherein the nucleic acid comprises an underivatized nucleic acid.
- 73. (New) The reagent composition of claim 72, wherein the underivatized nucleic acid comprises an oligonucleotide.
- 74. (New) The reagent composition of claim 67, wherein the target molecule is a nucleic acid and the one or more photoreactive groups comprise photoreactive aryl ketone.